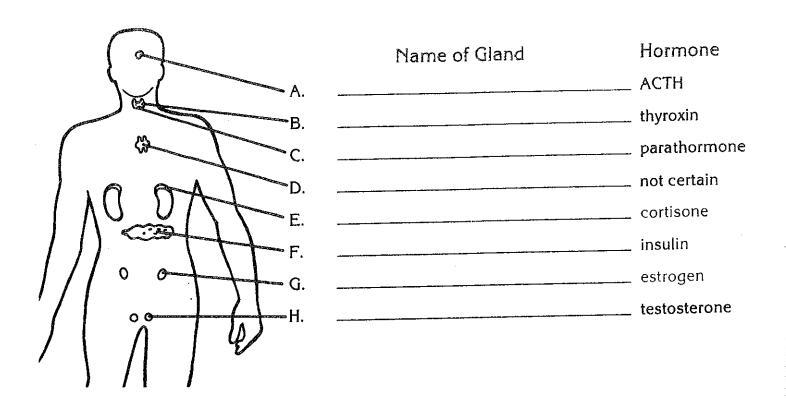
The Endocrine System

Gland	Function	
adrenal	regulates salt and water in the blood; assists body in meeting emergencies; functions in the development of sex characteristics	
islands of Langerhans	regulates storage of sugar in body	
ovaries (female)	affect the formation of eggs and development of adult female sex characteristics	
parathyroid	regulates metabolism of calcium and phosphates	
pituitary	regulates growth and controls functions of other glands	
testes (male)	affect the formation of sperms and development of adult male sex characteristics	
thymus	aids in the formation of antibodies	
thyroid	controls rate of body's metabolism and influences growth and development	

Us	the information in the above chart to complete each of the following statements.
1.	The gland is often referred to as the master gland.
2.	The hormones from the gland aid in the body's defense against infections.
3.	When the body is under stress, the hormones from the gland help meet the emergency.
4.	The produce insulin, which regulates glucose in the body.
5.	Hormones from the cause a young male's voice to become deeper.
	Secretions of the control the level of calcium in the bloodstream.
7.	The rate of metabolism is regulated by the secretions from the gland.
3.	Hormones from the influence the development of the adult sex characteristics of young women.

The Endocrine System

The endocrine glands are glands that secrete hormones directly into the bloodstream.



- Label the endocrine glands indicated in the drawing above.
- Complete the chart by using the information from the drawing.

Gland	Location in the Body	Hormone
<u> </u>	lower region of neck	thyroxin
thymus		
		estrogen
	on top of the kidneys	
testes		
	base of brain	
		parathormone
,	specialized cells in pancreas	